INDIANA BEGISLATURE

[Omissions and curtailments of this report for want of space in these columns will appear in an appendix to Volume XXII of the Brevier Legislative Reports]

IN SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, January 14, 1885-10 a.m. The Senate met. Lieutenant Governor Manson

Prayer by Rev. O. H. P. Abbott. The Journal of yesterday's proceedings was

read, noted-On motion of Mr. Weir, the farther reading was

dispensed with. The Lieutenant Governor laid before the Senate a communication from the Governor announcing the appointment of Pierre Gray as Executive Mes-

STANDING COMMITTEES. Lieutenant Governor MANSON said: I have the honor to communicate to the Senate the Standing Committees of the Senate. And I wish to sav in explanation that I have done the very best I could possibly do. I have spent a great deal of time on it, and I have endeavored to treat every Sepator fairly; and I hope they will be as satisfactory as such appointments generally are. I know I have made a great many mistakez, but it is not possible for me to do any better than I have done. I wish to say further that I designed and very much desired to give to the minority the schairmanship of one of the importrat standing committees, but owing to some reculiar circumstances not necessary for me to explain at this time, I was usable to do it. I have tollowed the rule adopted by the Senate of the United States in putting the names of members in the majority all toge her and the names of the mi pority together. In regular order. I say this in explanation of what may be noticed, that the names of some distinguished gentlemen are low down on

the committee. Gn Election-Duncan of Brown, Faulkner, Hill. Hoover, Duncan of Hamilton, Drake, Ensiev. On Finance-Willard, Jonnston of Dearborn, Magee, Weir, Overstreet, Smith of Delaware,

Judiciary-McCollough, Weir, Fowler, Smith of Jeonings, Foulke, Winter, Campbell, of Bendricks On Organization of Courts-Smith of Jay, Richardson, May, Ernst, Smith of Delaware, On Education-Johnson of Tippecanoe, Dun-can of Hamilton, Willard, Null, Foulke, Macy,

Moon. On Corporations-Null. Bailey, McCullough, Day, Overstreet, Campbell of Hendricks, Davis, On Roads-Johnston of Dearborn, May, Peterson, Zimmerman, Moon, Campbell of St. Joseph, On Benevolent and Reformatory Institutions-

McCiure, Howard, Hill, Smith of Jay, Bryant, Campbell of Hendricks, Drake. On Agriculture-Hill, Peterson, McClure, Richardson, shively, Marshall, fluston. On Banks-Schloss, Weir, Day, Smith or Jennings, Foulke, Lindley, Marshall. On Public Printing - Hilligass, Null. Smith of Jay, Thompson, Adkinson, Campbell of St. Joseph, Foulke

On Public Buildings-Rahm, McCullough, Maree, Thompson, Overstreet, Huston, Youche. On State Prisons-Hoover, Faulkner, Null, Benz. Lindley, Campbell of St. Joseph, Marshall, On Canals, Internal Improvements and swamp Lands-Ernest, Hilligers, bellers, Magee, Adkinson, Campbell of st. Joseph. Youche. On Fees and Salaries-Richardson, McIntosh, Howard, Brown, Moon, Adkinson, Davis, On Claims and Expenditures -- eir, Hilligass, Smith of Jennings, Rham, Overstreet, Campbell of Hendricks, Youche,

On Military Affairs-Howard, Hilligass, Peterton, Hoover, Marshall, Lindley, Macy, On Phraseology, Titles and Arrangement of Bills and Unfinished Business-Sellers, Balley, Ernest, Zimmerman, Winter, Drake, Easley, On Federal Relations, Rights and Privileges of the Inhabitants of the State-Faulkner, Shively, Bailey, Hoover, Winter, Ensley, Huston.

On Temperance-Thompson, Johnson of Deartorn, Rahm, May, Johnson of Tippecanoe, Youche, Davis. On County and Township Business-McIntosh. Con Public Health and Vita statistics-Byrant, Phively, Howard, Sellers, Jonnson of Tippecanos,

On Insurance—May, Willard, Smith of Jennings Fowler, Rham, Smith of Delaware, Winter. On Railroads—Magee, Day, Schloss, Benz, Winter, Lindley, Overstreet. On Mines and Mining-Benz, McIntosh. Fowler, Zimmerman, Lindley, Drake, Duncan of Hamil-

On Supervision and Inspection of the Journals of the Senate-Brown, Bailey, Ernest, Bryant, Buston, Ensley, Davis On Executive Appointment-Shlvely, Willard, Duncan of Brown, Brown, McClure, Davis, Duncan of Hamilton.

On Congressional Apportionment-Day, Richardson, McIntosh, Faulkner, Duncau of Brown, Schloss, Johnson of Tippecanoe, Brown, Macy, Winter, Youche, Adkison, Davis.
On Legislative Apportionment-Zimmerman.
McCullough, Willard, McClure, Johnston of Dear-

torn, Fowler, Thompson, Smith of Jay, Huston, Marshall. Duncan of Hamilton, Ensley, Moon. Mr. FOULKE: I notice my name is upon the Committee on Railroads. I would like to say that I bave been, ever since 1876, an attorney of two railroads in this State. Under these circumstances, I see that by acting upon that committee. naving special reference to railroad legislation. may be liable to misrepresentations, and my use juluess on such a commit ee might be somewhat impaired. Other Senators will appreciate my motives. I desire to take as little part in railroad legislation as I can, and I would rather not be placed in a position to be responsible for railroad registation or its absences, and I ask the Senate to excuse me from serving on the committee.

Mr. THOMPSON, stating that his name was on the Standing Committee on Temperance (as chairman | declared his views are not in accord with advanced views on the temperance question, and he therefore desired to be excused from service on that committee. Some Senator who possessed mererc vanced views on the question of temperance should be placed on the committee in his

Mr. MAGEE happened to know that the President of the Senate had taken a great deal of time in arranging the Standing Committees and would have to go all over the list again if excuses are made and granted. Legislative experience has qualified the Senator from Marion [Mr. Thompson] to be at the head of that committee and he should

Mr. SMITH, of Jay, also hoped the Senator would not be excused. If requests for excures become general and they be granted, we would soon have no committees. As an old adage runs "there is always bitter with the sweet"

THE STATE'S TREASURE Mr. FOMLKE offered the following: Resolved by the Senate, the House of Repre-tentatives concurring. That the position of the Governor's message relating to the loaning of the public funds by the State Treasurer to private parties and the deposit of the same in banks of this city be referred to a special committee of three from each House, appointed by the Chair: that said committee be empowered to count all moneys in the Treasury of State, to employ a competent expers to examine the amounts of the said Treasury, and to send for persons and papers generally; and that said committee report at the

Treasury, and to send for persons and papers generally; and that said committee report at the earliest practical moment to each House what disposition has been made of the public funds in the hands of the Treasurer, and upon what terms.

Mr. FOULKE said: In moving the adoption of this resolution I do it, not as a mere partisan matter or for the purpose of clap-trap of any kind, but simply because it comes to Our knowledge from the highest source from which we can obtain knowledge, that there has been an improper use of the public moneys. Speaking of a safe or vault for the keeping of the public funds, Governor Porter in his bionnial message suys: [Reads from the message, commencing with the words "There can be no doubt the vaults provided for the safe keeping of the public moneys are insecure." etc. and continued the reading for several paragraphs.]

I make this motion in pursuance of a recommendation by the Executive, and the resolution is made concurrent, so that one investigation may be sufficient. If the matter be referred to a special Standing Committee of the Senate, and the House also refers the matter to a committee there, we must have two, which would not be so satisfactory as one. That members of this, General Assembly will leave such a matter without any investigation, upon such information, I can not believe. It is our paramount duty to see that the State moneys are safe in the hands of the State Treasurer. When we receive information that they are not safe, and when we learn that the State funds are leaned to private individuals and to banks, we know they are not safe. I desire to call the attention of the Senate to the statutes which are made and provided for such cases—for the preservation of the public treasure. [Read Section 5.635, from the Revised Statutes of 1881; also, Section 5.635, from the Revised Statutes of 1881; also, Section 5.636, in the Revised Statutes of 1881; also, Section 5.636 in the Criminal Law of this State: also, Section 5.644, as to the authority to make this proposed inve Section 5,644, as to the authority to make this pro-posed investigation.] It appears from the lan-guage of the statute, that we not only have the

authority to do it, but we are required to make that examination, whenever necessary. The message of the Governor informs us that the law has been violated. Two years ago a resolution was introduced here to make a similar investigation, but it was stated that there was not sufficient information for such a resolution, and it was disposed of-probably laid on the table and

never heard of afterward.

*Mr, MAGEE, interposing: The then Senator from Henry introduced a resolution two years ago, about two weeks after the present Treasurer of State took possession of his office, requiring him to account for interest if he had received any, and I moved to amend so as to include the outgoing Treasurer, and if I em not mistaken the gentleman from Wayne (Mr. Foulke), with his associates on this ficor, allowed the matter to go upon the table. The investigation was not ordered because my amendment would have included a Republican as well as a Democratic

Mr. FOULKE: My recollection differs from that of the Senator. At the last session such a resolution was introduced and it was not passed. As I have said, I do not 'utroduce this resolution as a partiean merely: it is our duties as Senators-Democratices well as Republican-to see to it that the meneys in the Treasury of the State are safe. If the law has been violated-if any sums of money have been received by the Treasurer for his own per onal use, he should account for these funds. The proposed investigation is in the in terest of public economy, and ought to be sup-ported by every member of the General Assembly, because it is our sworn duty to see that the funds of the State are properly and safely kept; and it has come to our knowledge, by the highest authority, that the law in that respect is being vio-

Mr. WEIR endorsed everything the Senator from Wayne [Mr. Foulke] has said so far as favoring any necessary investigation of any State officer is concerned, and thought action should be taken on this subject; he therefore moved that it oe referred to the Committee an Finance

with instructions to report at an early day.
Mr. FOULKE: I object to the proposed reference to the Committee on Finance for two reasons. It would probably result in two separate inv stigations-one by the Senate and one by the House; and for the other reason that the Committee on Finance has not power to send for persons and papers nor has it the power to employ an expert to examine the accounts of the State Tre surer, nor to count the moneys in the Treasury, and for the additional reason that the resolution should be a concurrent one, and the two Houses ought

to join in the investigation.
Mr. HILLIGASS: I think the State of Indiana, through its Representatives, can not be too careful in guarding the interests of the State; and I shall at the proper time favor the adoption of this resolution, or one of a similar character, in justice to the State Treasurer. I presume there is not a Senater on this floor, even the Senator who offered this resolution, who thinks for a moment there is any deficiency in the accounts of our State Treasurer. I undertake to say, Mr. President and fel-low Senators, that there may be a two-fold object in this resolution. And I undertake to say further that the circumstances that surround the out-going Governor of the State of Indiana are not such as to warrant me in supporting this resolution at this time. For four years Mr. Porter has held the office of Governor, and for two years of that time the present Treasurer of state has disbursed the State funds. No Senstor will deay but that the statutes of the State of Indiana give the power to the Governor of the State, at any time, to institute an investigation of the condition of the Treasury of the State-in fact it is made his duty to do so. I will read the section of the stat-

ute bearing upon this question. | Reads Section

5,644 of the Revised Statutes of 1881.] Now, Mr. President, for two years the Governor of the State of Indiana, with an adjoining office to that of the Treasurer of State, and with the knowledge he has conveyed to this General Assembly in his message concerning the dereliction of duty of the Tresurer of State, has quietly sat there and allowed this thing to go on without complying with the requirements of the statute. I am informed that he has had no bustness connection with the Treasurer of State; that he has not gone into the Tressurer's office to inquire into the condition of the Treasury, or for any other purpose except to draw his salary as Governor of the State of Indiana. In view of the statute and of the character of the language of the Governor in his message, I undertake to say it is not doing justice to the Treasurer of State for the Governor to make such an alusion to the Treasurer of State as he did in his biennial message. And I undertake to say it is the duty of the General Assembly, if it believes there is a dereliction of duty on the part of the Treasurer of State, to investigate the matter; but, sir, in view of the fact that the Governor of the State has quietly sat by for two years and has not complied with the language of the statute to make an investigation, as was his duty, I am opposed to the passage of the resolution and move it be indefinitely postponed, and by that motion

dereand the previous question. Mr. WEIR desired to withdraw his motion to refer to the Committee on Finane, being of opinon, as this is a concurrent resolution, it should not be so referred. I move it be made a special order for next Monday at 2 o'clock p. m. and upon that motion I demand the previous ques-

Mr. FOULKE: This motion is out of order, inasmuch as the previous question was demanded by the Senstor from Huntington (Mr. Hilligass) on his motion to indefinitely postpone.

Mr. HILLIGASS: I withdraw my motion and second the demand made by the Senator from Laporte [Mr. Weir] for the previous question. The Lieutenant Governor gustained the point of

Mr. WEIR renewed his motion. The Senate seconded the demand for the previous question, and under its operation—;
The motion to postpone the further consideration of the concurrent resolution till Monday, at 2 o'clock p. m., was agreed to.

FUNERAL OF SCHUYLER COLFAX.

Mr. WILLARD offered a concurrent resolution authorizing the appointment of two Senators and three Representatives to attend the funeral of Ex-Vice Presdent Colfax. He did not desire to be appointed on that committee, but thought it due to a citizen of Indiana who had been so eminent that a resolution of this kind should pass as a mark of respect to the memory of one who has in former years served in both branches of this

Mr. McCULLOUGH moved to amend the resolution so that the members going shall pay their Mr. ADKINSON suggested any member could go and pay his own expenses without such an

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR: I would with Mr. FOULKE: I would dislike to see it go upo the record of the Senate that with regard to a tending the funeral of Schuyler Colfax member of a Committee of the Senate shall pay their ow expenses. That would be a most unseemly pro-

Mr. FAULKNER did not see why the State should pay the expenses of a few when the expenses of all were paid. Let all be treated alike. Mr. MAY took a different view of this matter and did not think the amendment ought to prevail. To appoint a committee and say the mambers shall go at their own expense, would be take ing from the action all the respect intended to be shown a distinguished citizen. sather than ee the amendment adopted he would prefer to see us all tay here and do our duty to the State of Indiana. There ought to be such a committee appointed out of respect to the people of indians, who have in many ways honored Mr. Colfax, and

who years ago was serving both in this body and in the other branch of the General Assembly. Mr. MAGEE thought one of the customs that should be observed was the paying of respect to honorable citizens when they die. I especially desire to see this body pay respect to the memory of Mr. Coifax. I have been a resident of his district all my life. The first political speech I ever heard was made by him. It so happened after ward that I belonged to a party differing widely ly from him. To-day he is a dead citizen of the State of Indiana, and it seems to me we can not pay too much respect to the memory of a man who by his talents has added renown and prominence to this commonwealth. Therefore, I am in favor of making such an appropriation and ap-pointing such a committee as will testify to the

respect we have for this dead statesman.

Mr. McCOLLOUGH: 't has been the custom for legislative bodies to send committees to attend the funeral of distinguished men. Probably hundreds of people will go to the funeral of: Mr. Colfax who of people will go to the funeral of Mr. Colfax who will pay their own expenses. The people have sent members of the Legislature here not for the purpose of attending funerals and having committees traveling over the country at the State's expense and with the people's money to show respect for the honored dead. The resolution will put the Senate upon the record if that is what senators desire to do. It there are gentlemen in this body or in the other house who desire to attend that funeral, if they pay their own expenses they will do no more than hundreds of other citizens of the State will probably do. Whatever may be said of the custom of paying the expenses of committees to attend fupaying the expenses of committees to attend fu-nerals, it is a custom that has grown into a great nerals, it is a custom that has grown into a great abuse of late years, and for that reason I insist upon my motion that if a committee of the Senate is appointed it must be upon condition that they pay their own expenses.

Mr. MAY regretted to differ with the Senator from Gibson (Mr. McCollough) but could not see why we should narrow this down to a question of paying the expenses of a committee to attend the funeral of a man who has been Vice President of

resolution, will pay that respect due a dead states-man, regardless of political proclivities, and not a question who shall pay the expenses or how they

shall be paid. BMr. WILLARD: I am certainly astounded at the manner in which this resolution has been received by some members on this floor. I am that this resolution is not offered as an individual resolution, but of this body setting as the Senate of Indiana desirous of and pound soolish attempt at saving an expendi-ture in a matter of this kind. I think it would be a disgrace to this body to place that amendment to a reso-lution offered as a testimonial of respect. lis committe, goes, it will go no: as individual members, but they go as representing this Senate. the state attending funerals; that is not for what diana that has not been attended by the State officharged with a neglect of duty for paying these

know of the State officers getting their expenses paid out of the State Treasury for attending a Mr. WILLARD: No.11 never did, because they did not represent any body. If the Senate sends a committee to the funeral of Schuyler Colfax out of respect to his memory, they should do it in accordance with the customs of parliamentary assemblages. I know of no exception to that custom, either in Congress or in the Senate of the United States, and have never known an exception attempted to be made until this amendment was offered by the gentleman from Gibson. I

Mr. HILLIGASS: I know somewhat of the his Senator from Lawrence [Mr. Willard] because I believe it due to the memory of this distinguished

shall do so at their own expense.

The resolution was adopted by yeas, 39; nays, 8. the Senate has decided a committee shall go he should vote aye.

The vote was then announced as above recorded And so the resolution was adopted as originally

Mr. WILLARD asked and obtained consent to return from the Committee on Finance the bill (H. R. 1) appropriating \$155,000 for the expenses of the regular session of this General Assembly, with the recommendation that it do pass. On his further motion the constitutional re striction was dispensed with-yeas, 46: nays, L. The bill wa- read the second and third times, and

finally passed the Senate without amendment by yeas, 47; nays, 0. EXECUTIVE MESSAGES,

the Senste to appropriate committees subject which has been made the special order for Monday next. He did not suppose this motion intended to supersede that; if it is, we had better discues that matter now Mr. McDOLLOUGH did not know that the

anything to do with it. Mr. McCLURE: I see no particular necessity of making that exception. Mr. FOULKE withdrew his motion with the

the other matter. CITY FIRE INSURANCE, Mr. BAILEY offered the following: Resolved. That there be appointed by the President of this Senate a special committee of five bill providing that certain cities of this State.

to any property-holder for loss sustained from The resolution was adopted, and the Lieutenant Governor makes said committee condet of

read the first time, and severally referred to appropriate committees: By Mr. 8M FTH of Jay [8 51] to protect sheep husbandry and provide for registering, taxing By Mr. MAGEE IS. 53] to amend an act regulat ing descents and the apportionment of estates.

AFTERNOON SESSION

numbered 54 to 81 inclusive, which rere several read the first time and referred to appropria

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

NEW PROPOSITIONS.

The following described bills were introduced read the first time, and referred to appropriat

late Court.
Frovides for five Judges. The court to have exclusive juri-diction of all appeals from Circuit Superior and Criminal Courts, except appeals by defendants in cases of felony, and appeals by the State in criminal cases, and appeals from any Superior Court having a general term. Provides for appointment of five Judges from the two dominant parties, to serve until the next general election, and until Judges for said court shall be elected and qualified, and provides for filling vacancies by the Governor. Provides for the election of Judges at the next general election, to serve faur years, or so long as they shall behave well,

By Mr. McMULLEN [H. B. 19] to regulate foreign fire insurance companies doing business in this State. How to regulate foreign fire insurance companies doing business in the State, which provides that all losses on policies shall be paid within sixty days or the companies shall be assessed 10 per cent, damages additional to the amount.

By Mr. McMULLEN [H. R. 20] to amend Section 8 of the act relating to the powers and duties of Coroners, being Section 13 of the Revised Statutes of 1881

of 1881.

By Mr. HAYDEN (for Mr. Moody) [H. B. 21] to define the rights and liabilities of inn keepers.

By Mr. Hayden (for Mr. Moody,) [H. R. 22] to provide for the appointment of a Commissioner of Railroads, defining his powers and duties, fixing his compensation, etc. Three thousand dollars per annum, with a deputy at \$1,000, the first appointed by the Governor, whose duty it shall be to receive annual reports from the varipus railroads, and who shall be a member of the State Board of Equalization, the duties being similar to those of like officers in other States.

By Mr. LINVILLE [H. R. 23] to amend an amendatory act concerning highways and the supervisors thereet.

amendatory act concerning highways and the supervisors thereat.

By Mr. Linville [H. R. 24] for the better prothection of quails and pheasants. To prohibit the shooting of quails and pheasants from now until October, 1887; and one to prevent the gigging and shooting of fish by making it a finable offense in the sum of \$5 to \$25 for every fish so killed, and by offering \$5 for the name of each offender presented to the Grand Jury.

By Mr. FISHER [H. R. 25] to amend Section 12 of the set concerning highways and the superfuneral of a man who has been Vice President of the United States. It is purely a question whether the General Assembly of Indiana, by concurrent of the act concerning highways and the super-

visors thereof. [To make eight hours constitute a day's work on the roads. | By Mr. MOSIER | H. R 26 | to fix certain fees and salaries of officers therein named. By Mr. HAWORTH [H. R. 27] to repeal Section 4,847 of the Revised Statutes of 1881.

By Mr. BOOE [H. R. 28] to regulate the practice of medicine in Indiana, providing for a State

Board of Medical Examiners, not connected with any college or in an official capacity with any school, who shall examine all applicants who shall desire to engage in the profession in Indiana. By Mr. HARRELL [H. R. 29] authorizing County Commissioners to construct free turnplkes in By Mr. BROWNLEE [H. R. 30] for the repeal of the drainage set of April, 188!.

By Mr. HELMS [H. R. 31] to amend Section 2.009 of an act concerning crimes and punishment

thereof approved April 14, 1881. being Section 3,117 of the Revised Statues of 1881.

By Mr. BELMS [H R. 32] to provide for the purchase of stationery for the county efficers by the Commissioners. Pending the introduction of bills-

COMMITTEE ROOMS,

Mr. MOSIER, from the special committee ap-pointed to confer with the Commissioners of Marion

County with reference to rooms for the use the standing committees reported that the Commissigners have fatled to give any definite answer but express a willingness to reccommend that the proposition of the Grand Hotel to rent four rooms for \$650 be accepted.

Mr. PATTEN, from a minority of the same committee, recommended acceptance of the proposition by the Occidental Hotel to furnish five rooms On motion by Mr. KELLISON-yeas, 55; neys, 44-the report of the minority was said on the table. Mr. BROWNLEE moved to amend the majority report by accepting the rooms recently used by the Democratic Central Committee, which are

> On motion by Mr. McMULLEN it was laid on t'e table upon a div.sion-affirmative, 51; negative not counted. The majority report was concurred in under the operations of the previous question.

IN MEMORY OF S. COLFAX. A message from the Sanate announced the passage of a concurrent resolution by that body authorizing a committee of two Senators on the part of the Senate and three on the part of the House of Representatives to attend the funeral of Hon. Schuyler Colfax.

The resolution was concurred in, and subse quently she Speaker appointed Messrs. Toner, Mc-Clelland and Dunn said committee on the part of

Then came a recess till 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION. By Mr. BOYD [H. R. 33] to amend Sections 5,097 and 5,100 of the Revised Statutes of 1881 so that pike roads can be constructed without issuing bonds, and providing a way to construct roads running on county lines, or out of one county

By Mr. BOYD [H. R. 34] to amend Section 3,333 of Revised Statutes of 1881, so as to empower Township Trustees to impound hogs or stock running By Mr. MAUCK [H. R. 35] to amend Section 5 of an act to caeste the Forty-third Judicial Circuit.

By Mr. MAUCK | H. R. 36 | to amend an amendatory act concerning the duties of Prosecuting At-By Mr. FLEESE [H. R. 37] to appropriate money for the building of a brigk barn and bitchen for the Boys' Reformatory, appropriating \$10,000. By Mr. DEEM [H. E. 38] to define what class of persons may be admitted to the Indiana Soldiers'

Seamen's Orphans' Home. By Mr. DEEM [H. R. 59] to authorize Boards of County Commissioners to make suitable appropriations out of the County Treasury for the education of pauper children.

By Mr. LINSDAY [H. R. 40] to exempt homestead property from execution. [300]. By Mr. LINSDAY [H. R. 41] for the relief of

Commissioners of Drainage, for legalizing and making valid the legal acts of such commissioners. By. Mr. BARR [H. R. 43] for the better protec-By Mr. WILLIAMS [H. R. 44] to amend Section 3413 of Revised Statutes of 1883 in regard to Building and Loan Associations. By Mr. WILLIAMS [H. R. 45] to regulate the renting of telephones

By Mr. WILSON | H. R. 46| to make an appropriation to Kosciusko County of \$141.41, the same being the expense incurred in the arrest, trial and conviction of Charles W. Butler for the murder of Abbie Butler, of Franklin County, Ohio, by By Mr. WILSON [H. R. 47] providing for the erection of a memorial hall in memory of and for the soldiers and sailors of Indiana.

By Mr. VILASS [H. R. 48] to ammend an act for the appointment of short-hand reporters in courts of record in this State, approved March 10, 1875. By Mr, KRUFGER [H. E. 49] an act to amend an act concerning taxation, approved March, 1881. By Mr. KRUEGER a resolution to amend the Constitution of the State of Indiana by declaring that the Clerk of the Circuit Court, the Auditor. the Treasurer, the Sheriff and Coroner shall be elected for the term of four years, and that no person shall be eligible to but one term in a period of By Mr. JAMISON | H. R. 491 to amend an act concerning proceedings in civil cases, approved March 5, 1878, being Section 1,714, Revised Statutes

By Mr. SCHMIDT [H. R. 50] to amend an act concerning husband and wife, approved April 16, By Mr. SCHLEY [H. R. 51] to regulate hours of labor in the employment of women and children, and prohibiting the employment of minors under

By Mr. SCHLEY [H. R. 52] to equalize the organization of the Zionsville Turnpike Company, By Mr. FARRELL [H. R. 58] to repeal an act authorizing aliens to hold title to real estate and convey the same. By Mr. SCHMIDT [H. R. 51] to amend Section ,721 of the Revised Statutes of 1881 concerning

By Mr. SCHLEY (for Mr Penaleton) [H. R. 55] to abolish the office of City Assessor. By Mr. PENDLETON (H. R. a6) to relieve Joshus Awerth and surties as Trustees of Harrison Fownship, and Robert N. Hurdy and sureties as Trustees of Warren Township. By Mr. GODDING [H. R. 57' to annul the set concerning proceedings in civil cases approved

By Mr. KELLISON | H. R. 53 | to amend Section 650 of the Revisea Statutes of 1881. By Mr. KELLISON IH. R 59) to repeal an act authorizing aliens to hold and convey real estate, By Mr. PASSAGE [H. R. 60] in regard to the payment of employes of companies, corporations By Mr. PASSAGE [H. R 61] in relation to fence

ing railroads, and providing for the payment of stock killed by engines and cars thereon. By Mr. ADAMS [H. R. 62] concerning taxa-By Mr. ADAMS [H. R. 63] to authorize boards

of county commissioners to change the direction of streams and water-courses. By Mr. PLEASANTS [H. R. 64] to amend Section 4,433 of the Revised Statutes of 1881 in regard By Mr. PLEASANTS | H. R. 65| to amend Section 2,168 of the Revised Statutes of 1881, concerning And then the House adjourned until to-morrow

morning at 10 o'clock.

Catarrh

Is a very prevalent and exceedingly disagreeable disease, liable, if neglected, to develop into serious consumption. Being a constitutional disease, it requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, acting through the blood, reaches every part of the system, effecting a radical and permanent cure of catarrh in even its most severe forms. Made only by C. I. Hood & Co , Lowell, Mass.

Every crop we grow upon our farms makes its demand for lime, and if our crops are to be produced in a luxuriant condition, and if we are to secure abundant produce, there must be a sufficient supply existing in the soil in a condition ready for acting as plant food. For this purpose lime is quite ready after it has served all its other duties. It has then become changed into the original condition of carbonate, and hence it is that, whether lime has been burned or not, it is in both stages competent for this duty.

It is said that if apples are covered with buckwheat chaff they will keep well, and do not freeze as easily as when straw, sawdust of earth are used.

The Swedes, says Mr. John Swords, in Svenska Amerikanaren, believe in St. Jacobs Oil as the conquerer of pain.

NO POISON IN THE PASTRY



ARE USED.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor Cakes Creams, Puddings, &c., as delicately and nat urally as the fruit from which they are made FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

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CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice for Removing Bead Animals.

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK,) INDIANAPOLIS, January 15, 1885. Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the Common Council of the city of Indianapolis, Monday evening, February 2, 1885, for the purpose of removing dead snimals from the streets, alleys and public places of the City of Indianapolis, for a term of one year. Price and bid must be written out in full, and The Common Council and Board of Aldermen reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK, Indianapolis, January 15, 1885. Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the Common Council of the City of

GEO. T. BREUNIG.

Indianapolis, Monday evening, February 2, 1885, "For the construction of a brick sewer two (2) feet internal diameter in and along Morris street, from Chestnut street to and connecting with the Madison avenue sewer, and providing for the manner of the assessment and collection of the cost thereof '

"Work to be done according to plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer, and in all respects according to Special Or-dinance No. 141 of 1884," The Common Council and Board of Aldermen reserve the right to reject any and all bids for the above work. Bid must be written out in full and no erasures made. GEORGE T. BREUNIG,

Sale for Street Improvement.

By virtue of a certain precept to me directed by the Msyor of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, and duly attested by the Clerk of said city, under the corporate seal of said city, I will, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 24th, 1885,

Sell at public auction, at the City Court Room, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, the following described lot, or parcel of land, or as much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the sum hereinafter named as asessed against such premises for street improvement and all costs, to-wit:

Lot No. fourteen (14), in Lowman's subdivision in outlot No. one hundred and seventy-four (174), in the City of Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana, owned by Nancy J. and Elizabeth E. Lowman, against which is assessed the sum of twenty-five dollars and seven cents (\$25.07) for street improvement in favor of Richter & Twiname, contractors. ISAAC N. PATTISON,

City Treasurer. Indianapolis, Ind., January 1st, 1885.

Safe for Street Improvement.

By virtue of a certain precept to me directed by the Mayor of the city of Indianapolis, Indiana, and duly attested by the Clerk of said city, under

the corporate seal of said city, I will on SATURDAY, JANUARY 31st, 1885,

Sell, at public auction, at the City Court-room, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, the following described lot, or parcel of land, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the sum hereinafter named as assessed against such premises for street improvement and all costs, to-wit:

Lot No. Seventy-three (73) in Ingram Fletcher's subdivision of Ingram Fletcher's addition to the city of Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana, owned by William G. Cook, Receiver, against which is assessed the sum of twenty-three dollars and fifty-six cents (\$23.56) for street improvement, in favor of J. D. Hoss & Co., contractors.
ISAAC N. PATTIS JN, City Treasurer.

Indianapolis, Ind., January 8th, 1885.

Sale for Street Improvement.

By virtue of a certain precept to me directed by the Mayor of the city of Indianapolis, Ind., and duly attested by the Clerk of said city, under the corporate seal of said city, I will on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31st, 1885,

Sell at public auction, at the City Court Room, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, the following described lot, or parcel of land, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the sum hereinaster named as as-sessed against such premises for street improve-ment and all costs, to-wit:

Let No. Three (3), in Francis' subdivision of A E. Fletcher's Fourth addition in the city of Indi-anapolis, Marion County, Indiana, owned by John W. Dittemore, against which is assessed the sum of twenty-seven dollars and forty-four cents (\$27.44) for street improvement, in favor of J. D.

Hoss & Co., contractors. ISAAC N. PATTISON, Indianapolis, Ind., January 8th, 1885.

JOHN EDWARDS. POSTER.

One Hundred Large Stands. 300 3-Sheet Boards. Also Controlling the State House Fence

OFFICE-Sentinel Office.

A CARD.— To all who are suffering from st rors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weak ness, early decay, loss of mauhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-ad dressed envelope to REV. Joseph FT. INNAX, 1880 tion D. New York!

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice to Taxpayers.

OFFICE OF CITY TREASURER, Room No. 1, Lower Floor, Court House, Notice is hereby given that I have this day received from the City Clerk, under proper warrant, the city tax duplicate of 1884, and that I am prepared to receive the taxes thereon.

The levy for 1884 for general purposes is eightyseven cents, for school and library twenty-two

cents, for sewers ten cents, for sinking fund three cents, making a total of one dollar and twentytwo cents on each one hundred dollars valuation of taxable property; city poll tax, fifty cents. A penalty of 10 per cent, attaches to all unpaid taxes after the third Monday in April next, the same being the 20th day of April, 1885, and interestat the rate of 6 per cent. on the whole sum un-

Delinquents for the year 1 83 are also notified that the delinquent list will be furnished the printer for publication Monday, January 5, 1885. To avoid the expense of advertising the taxes must be paid at once. If the delinquent taxes are not paid by the second Monday in February next, the same being the 3th day of February 1885, the law requires that the property be sold, for the taxes of 1884 and arrears.

Respectfully, ISAAC N. PATTISON, Treasurer of the City of Indianapolis, Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 31, 1884.

Sale for Street Improvement.

By virtue of a certain precept to me directed by the Mayor of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, and duly attested by the Clerk of said City, under the corporate seal of said City, I will on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31st, 1885, Sell at Public Auction, at the City Court Room, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., of said day, the following described let, or parcel of land, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the sum hereinafter named as assessed against such premises for Street Improve-

ment and all costs, to-wit: Forty-four (44) feet the north side of Lot No. Twenty-two (22), in Square No. Three (3) in the Southeast addition in the city of Indianapolis, Marion County. Indiana. owned by Charles Mansfield and A Dearth, against which is assessed the sum of fifteen dollars and forty cents (\$15.40) for street improvement, in favor of James Mahoney, contractor.

ISAAC N. PATTISON, City Treasurer. Indianapolis, Ind., January 8th, 1885.

Sale for Street Improvement.

By virtue of a certain precept to me directed by the Mayor of the city of Indianapolis, Ind., and duly attested by the clerk of said city, under the corporate seal of said city, I will on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31st, 1885,

Sell, at public auction, at the City Court Room, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., of said day, the following described lot, or parcel of land, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the sum hereinafter named as assessed against such premises for street improvement and all costs, to wit: Lot No. Five (5) in Woods' subdivision in out-lot No. six (6), west of White River, in the city of Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana, owned by Christian Zimmerman, against which is assessed the sum of twenty-three dollars and eighty cents

way & Cooper, contractors. ISAAC N. PATTISON. City Treasurer. Indianapolis, Ind., January 8th, 1885.

(\$22 80) for street improvement, in favor of Han-

Notice to Contractors.

OFFICE OF CITY CIVIL ENGINEER,) Indianapolis, January 7, 1885. Notice is hereby given that scaled proposals will be received by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, on Monday Evening, January

19, 1885, as follows, to-wit: No. 1, 1885.-For the construction and erection of a combination bridge over the Canal, on Sixth street, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer. No. 2 -- For the construction and erection of a combination bridge over Pogue's Run, on Eddy street, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer. No. 3.-(S. O. 109, 1884) For the erection of lamp posts, lamps and fixtures (complete to burn gas, except the service pipes), on Michigan street between New Jersey and East streets. Work to be done according to plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil En-

gineer, and to his entire satisfaction. The Common Council and Board of Aldermen reserve the right to reject any and all proposals for the above work. Price of bid must be written out in full and no erasures made.

S. H. SHEARER,

ISAAC N. PATTISON.

City Civil Engineer.

Sale for Street Improvement.

By virtue of a certain precept to me directed by the Mayor of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, and duly attested by the Clerk of said City, under the corporate seal of said City, I will, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31st, 1885, Sell at 'public auction, at the City Court Room, between the hours of 10 o'clock a, m, and 4 o'clock p, m, of said day, the following described lot, or parcel of land, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the sum hereinafter named as as-

sessed against such premises for street improvement and all costs, to-wit: Lot No. Twenty-eight (28), in Square No Twenty-six (26) in Levi Wright's subdivision of Johuson's heirs' addition, in the City of Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana, owned by Martna J. Davis, against which is assessed the sum of six dollars (\$6.(0) for street improvement, in favor of

City Treasurer. Indianapolis, Ind., January 8th, 1885, Sale for Street Improvement.

Hanway & Cooper, contractors.

By virtue of a certain precept to me directed by the Mayor of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, and duly attested by the Clerk of said city, under the corporate seal of said city, I will on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1885,

sell at public auction, at the City Court Room, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., of said day, the following described lot, or essary to satisfy the sum hereinafter named as assessed against such premises for street improvement and all costs, to-wit:
Lot No. four (4), Koppen's resubdivision, in square No. twelve (12), in the southeast addition

to the city of Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana, owned by J. H. and S. R. Kapper, against which is assessed the sum of twelve dollars and thirty cents (\$12.30) for street improvement, in favor of Frederick Gansberg, contractor.

IBAAC N. PATTISON, Indianapolis, Ind., January 8, 1885.

Sale for Street Improvement.

By virtue of a certain precept to me directed by the Mayor of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, and duly attested by the Clerk of said city, under the corporate seal of said city, I will on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 24th, 1885.

Sell, at public auction, at the City Court Room, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., of said day, the following described lot, or parcel of land, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the sum hereinafter named as assessed against such premises for street improvement and all costs, to-wit:

Lot No. sixty-eight (68) in Parker & Hanway's subdivision of A. E. and I. Fletcher's Oak Hill addition in the City of Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana, owned by Herman N.Kunz, against which is assessed the sum of twenty five dollars and sixy cents (\$25.60) for street improvement, in favor of J. D. Hoss & Co., contractors.

of J. D. Hoss & Co., contractors. ISAAC N. PATTISON,

City Treasurer. Indianapolis, Ind., January 1, 1885.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing

have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VAL-UABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give ex-press & P. O. address. DE. T. A. SLOCUE, 131 Pearl St. R. E.

aware every Senator has the right to attend that funeral at his own expense. I am aware further paying respect to a man who as far as official position is concerned has been the most honored of any citizen of the State. I regret that the Senator from Gibson (Mr. McCullough) has thought it proper to introduce this penny wise He says it is not the duty of Senators to go around we are sent here. I say in reply I never have known of a funeral of an eminent citizen of Incers, and I have yet to learn that they have been

respects.
Mr. McCOLLOUGH (interrupting): Did you ever

trust the amendment will be voted down and the resolution in its original form may be sent to the

tory of the life and character of the late distin-guished citizen of Indians, Schuyler Colfax. remember him in that history as an orphan boy clerking in a dry goods store in the northern part of our state. He was appointed Deputy Auditor of his county, and while in that position took hold of the law and read the text-books of that profession. We next find him engaged in the newspaper business, and when a young man was sent by the Whigs of Indiana as a delegate to a National Convention. By reason of his ability he was honored by his party, and I might say by the people of Indians, from the fact that he had carved out his own way in life and rose to eminence by reason of his own ability. I differed with him in the past upon political questions, but there is a time when that experience ceases, and that is at the grave. I presume there is nothing political in this proposition. It is only a question of propriety. I shall favor the resolution of the

Mr. Mct LOUGH now sent up his amendment in w. ing. viz: "Provided that the members of the committee who attend such funeral

The amendment was rejected by yeas, 10; nays, Mr. Mc NTOSH, in explanation of his vote when his name was called, was understood to say that he did not see any impropriety in a committee's going to attend the funeral of Mr. Colfax, and 'as

introduced EXPENSES OF THIS SESSION.

Mr. McCollough offered a resolution that the various parts of the messages delivered by ex-Governor Porter and Governor Gray to the present General Assembly be referred by the President of Mr. Fourke moved to amend by adding these words, "except the por ion thereof relating to the siate Tressury," on the ground that there is already a resolution before the Senate on that

reference of other portions of the messages had understanding expressed by the Senator from Gibson [Mr. McCollough] that it will not preclude

whose duty it shall be to consider and report upon the propriety of introducing before this body having efficient fire departments, shall be empowered to levy upon all property-holders within such cities a special tax, which shall be reserved as a fire insurance fund, and that such cities shall, under conditions provided by such law, be liable

Mesers, Bailey, Day, Seilers, Marshall, Youche. NEW PROPOSITIONS. The following described bills were introduced,

Then came recess for dinner.

was entirely taken up in the introduction of bil

WEDNESDAY, January 14, 1885-10 a. m. The House met, Speaker Jewett in the Cnair. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Branstetter, of Jay County. The reading of the journal was dispensed with.

By Mr. TAYLOR [H. R. 18] to create an Appel

except at the first election, when two shall hold for two years, and three for four, to be determined